CHI MEI OPTOELECTRONICS CORP.

Doc No.:
Issued Date: Jul. 11, 2008
Model No.: N156B3-L01
Approval

TFT LCD Approval Specification

MODEL NO.: N156B3-L01

Customer : Dell

Approved by : _____

Note :

記錄	工作	審核	角色	投票
2008-08-14 08:46:52 CST	PMMD III Director	annie_hsu(徐凡琇/56522 / 54873)	Director	Accept

Version 3.0

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REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Page (New)	Section	Description
Ver. 3.0	Jul. 11, 2008	All	All	Approval Specification was first issued.

1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

N156B3-L01 is a 15.6" TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with single CCFL Backlight unit and 30 pins LVDS interface. This module supports 1366 x 768 Wide-XGA mode and can display 262,144 colors. The optimum viewing angle is at 6 o'clock direction. The inverter module for Backlight is not built in.

1.2 FEATURES

- Thin and light weight
- WXGA (1366 x 768 pixels) resolution
- 3.3V LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface with 1 pixel/clock

1.3 APPLICATION

- TFT LCD Notebook

1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATI0NS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	344.232(H) × 193.536(V) (15.6" diagonal)	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	348.43 (H) x 197.74 (V)	mm	
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1366 x R.G.B. x 768	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.252 (H) x 0.252 (V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	262,144	color	-
Transmissive Mode	Normally white	-	-
Surface Treatment	Hard coating (3H), Anti-glare	-	-

1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Module Size	Horizontal(H)	358.8	359.3	359.8	mm	(1)
	Vertical(V)	209	209.5	210	mm	
	Thickness(T)	---	5.9	6.2	mm	
Weight		---	500	515	g	-

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

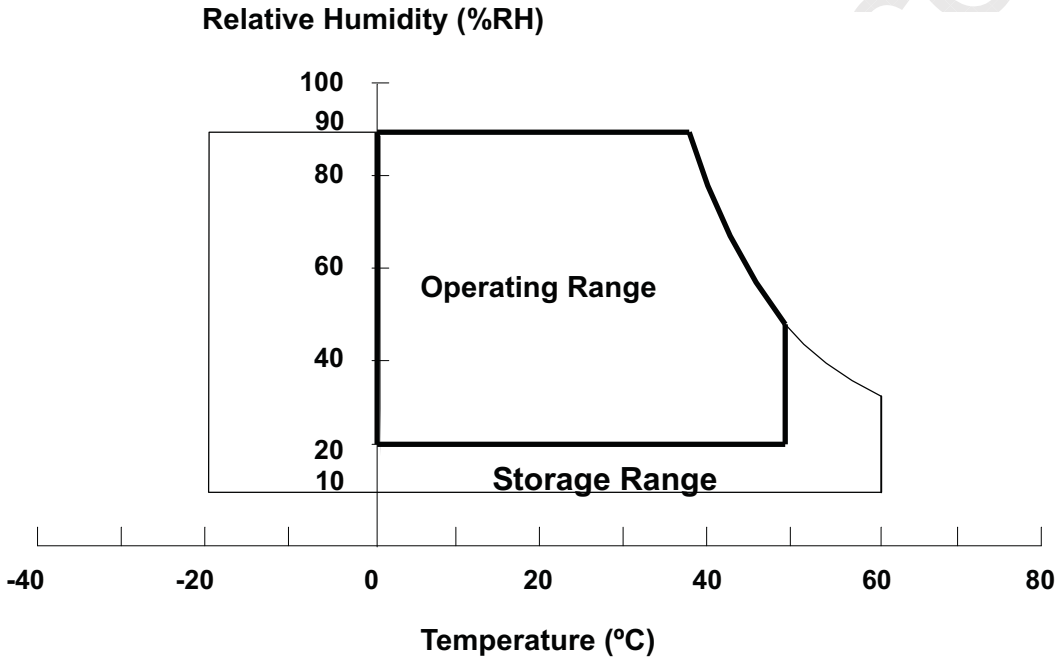
Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Storage Temperature	T_{ST}	-20	+60	ºC	(1)
Operating Ambient Temperature	T_{OP}	0	+50	ºC	(1), (2)
Shock (Non-Operating)	S_{NOP}	-	220/2	G/ms	(3), (5)
Vibration (Non-Operating)	V_{NOP}	-	1.5	G	(4), (5)

Note (1) (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta <= 40 ºC).

(b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 ºC Max. (Ta > 40 ºC).

(c) No condensation.

Note (2) The temperature of panel surface should be 0 ºC min. and 50 ºC max.

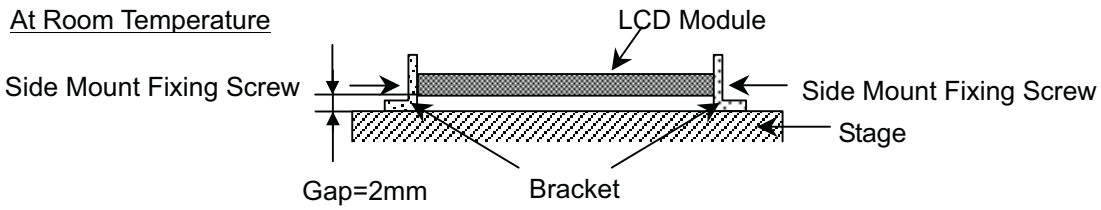


Note (3) 1 time for ± X, ± Y, ± Z. for Condition (200G / 2ms) is half Sine Wave,.

Note (4) 10~500 Hz, 0.5hr/cycle 1cycle for X,Y,Z

Note (5) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.

The fixing condition is shown as below:



2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	+4.0	V	(1)
Logic Input Voltage	V_{IN}	-0.3	Vcc+0.3	V	

2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Lamp Voltage	V_L	-	2.5K	V_{RMS}	(1), (2), I_L = 6.0 mA
Lamp Current	I_L	-	7.0	mA_{RMS}	(1), (2)
Lamp Frequency	F_L	50	80	KHz	

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for lamp (Refer to Section 3.2 for further information).

3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Ta = 25 ± 2 ºC

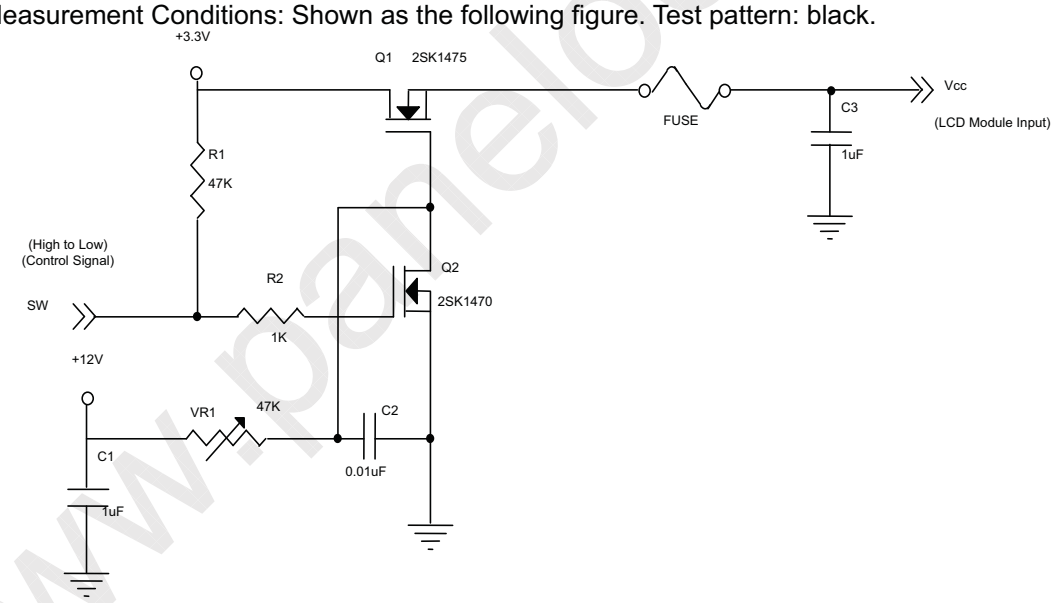
Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Ripple Voltage		V_{RP}	-	50		mV	-
Rush Current		I_{RUSH}	-	-	1.5	A	(2)
Initial Stage Current		I_{IS}	-	-	1.0	A	(2)
Power Supply Current	White	Icc	-	320		mA	(3)a
	Black		-	390	450	mA	(3)b
LVDS Differential Input High Threshold		$V_{TH(LVDS)}$	-	-	+100	mV	(5), V_{CM}=1.2V
LVDS Differential Input Low Threshold		$V_{TL(LVDS)}$	-100	-	-	mV	(5) V_{CM}=1.2V
LVDS Common Mode Voltage		V_{CM}	1.125	-	1.375	V	(5)
LVDS Differential Input Voltage		$\|V_{ID}\|$	100	-	600	mV	(5)
Terminating Resistor		R_T	-	100	-	Ohm	-
Power per EBL WG		P_{EBL}	-	3.58	-	W	(4)

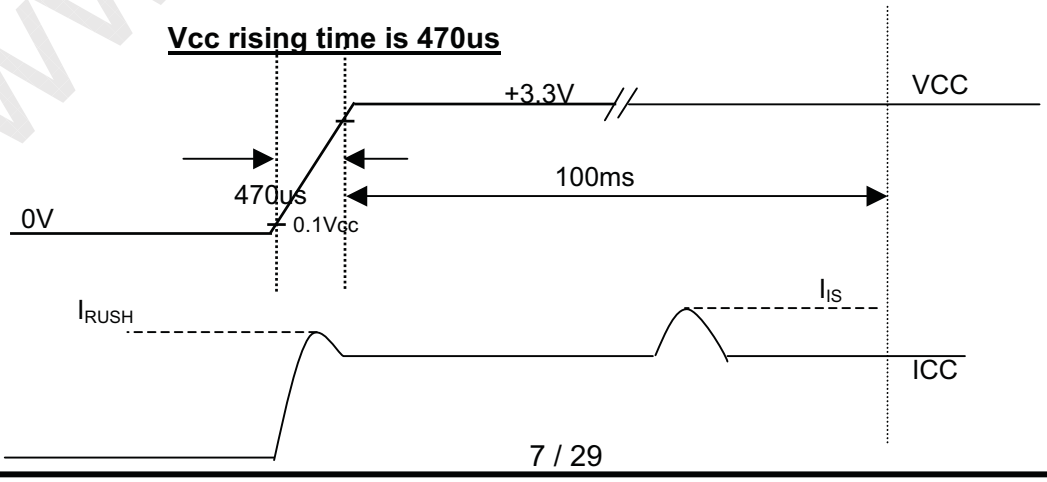
Note (1) The ambient temperature is Ta = 25 ± 2 ºC.

Note (2) I_{RUSH}: the maximum current when VCC is rising

I_{IS}: the maximum current of the first 100ms after power-on

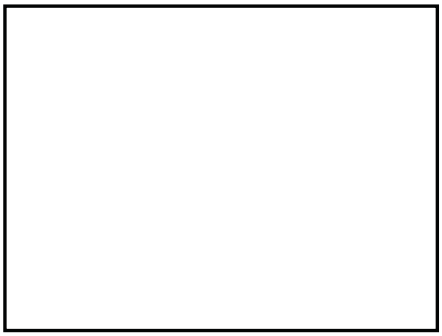
Measurement Conditions: Shown as the following figure. Test pattern: black.





Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 3.3 V, Ta = 25 ± 2 ºC, DC Current and f_v = 60 Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

a. White Pattern



Active Area

b. Black Pattern

Active Area

Note (4) The specified power are the sum of LCD panel electronics input power and the inverter input power. Test conditions are as follows.

(a) Vcc = 3.3 V, Ta = 25 ± 2 ºC, f_v = 60 Hz,

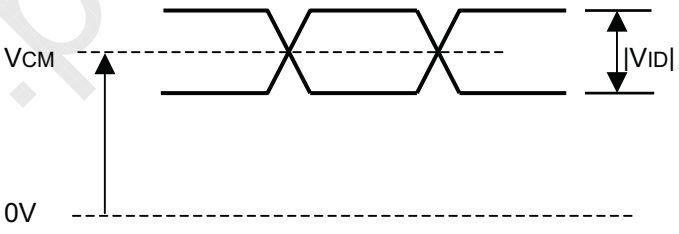
(b) The pattern used is a black and white 32 x 36 checkerboard, slide #100 from the VESA file "Flat Panel Display Monitor Setup Patterns", FPDMSU.ppt.

(c) Luminance: 60 nits.

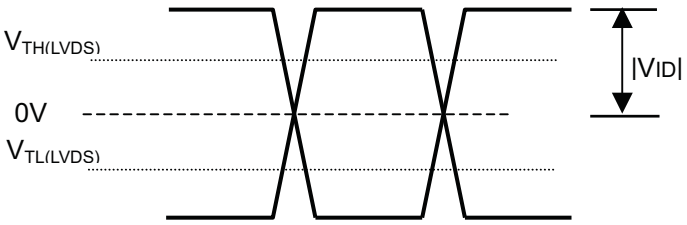
(d) The inverter used is provided from Sumida.

Note (5) The parameters of LVDS signals are defined as the following figures.

Single Ended



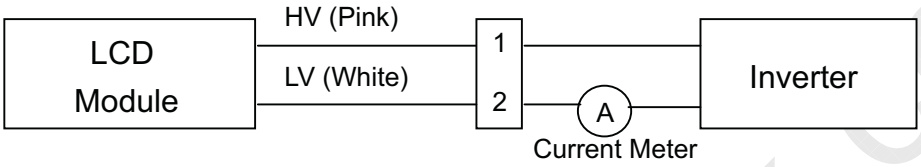
Differential



3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT Ta = 25 ± 2 ºC

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Lamp Input Voltage	V_L	650	730	820	V_{RMS}	I_L = 6.0 mA
Lamp Current	I_L	2.0	6.0	(7.0)	mA_{RMS}	(1),(2)
		3.0				(1),(3)
Lamp Turn On Voltage	V_S	-	-	1460(25 °C)	V_{RMS}	(4)
		-	-	1600(0 °C)	V_{RMS}	(4)
Operating Frequency	F_L	50	-	80	KHz	(5)
Lamp Life Time	L_{BL}	15,000	-	-	Hrs	(7)
Power Consumption	P_L	-	4.38	-	W	(6), I_L = 6.0 mA

Note (1) Lamp current is measured by utilizing a high frequency current meter as shown below:



Note (2) for burst mode inverter design

Note (3) for continuous mode inverter design

Note (4) The voltage that must be larger than Vs should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second after startup. Otherwise, the lamp may not be turned on normally.

Note (5) The lamp frequency may generate interference with horizontal synchronous frequency from the display, and this may cause line flow on the display. In order to avoid interference, the lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics as far as possible.

Note (6) $P_L = I_L \times V_L$

Note (7) The lifetime of lamp is defined as the time when it continues to operate under the conditions at Ta = 25 ±2 °C and I_L = 6.0 mA_{RMS} until one of the following events occurs:

(a) When the brightness becomes ≦ 50% of its original value.

(b) When the effective ignition length becomes ≦ 80% of its original value. (The effective ignition length is a scope that luminance is over 70% of that at the center point.)

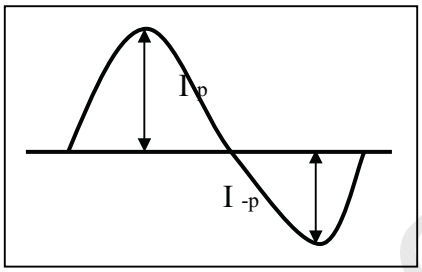
Note (8) The waveform of the voltage output of inverter must be area-symmetric and the design of the inverter must have specifications for the modularized lamp. The performance of the Backlight, such as lifetime or brightness, is greatly influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. All the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed to avoid generating too much current leakage from high voltage output of the inverter. When designing or ordering the inverter please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the Backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occurs. If the above situation is confirmed, the module should be operated in the same manners when it is installed in your instrument.

The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and

symmetrical current waveform.(Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter, which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.

Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp. It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce its leakage current.

a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be 10% below;
b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2} \pm 10\%$;
c. The ideal sine wave form shall be symmetric in positive and negative polarities.



* Asymmetry rate:

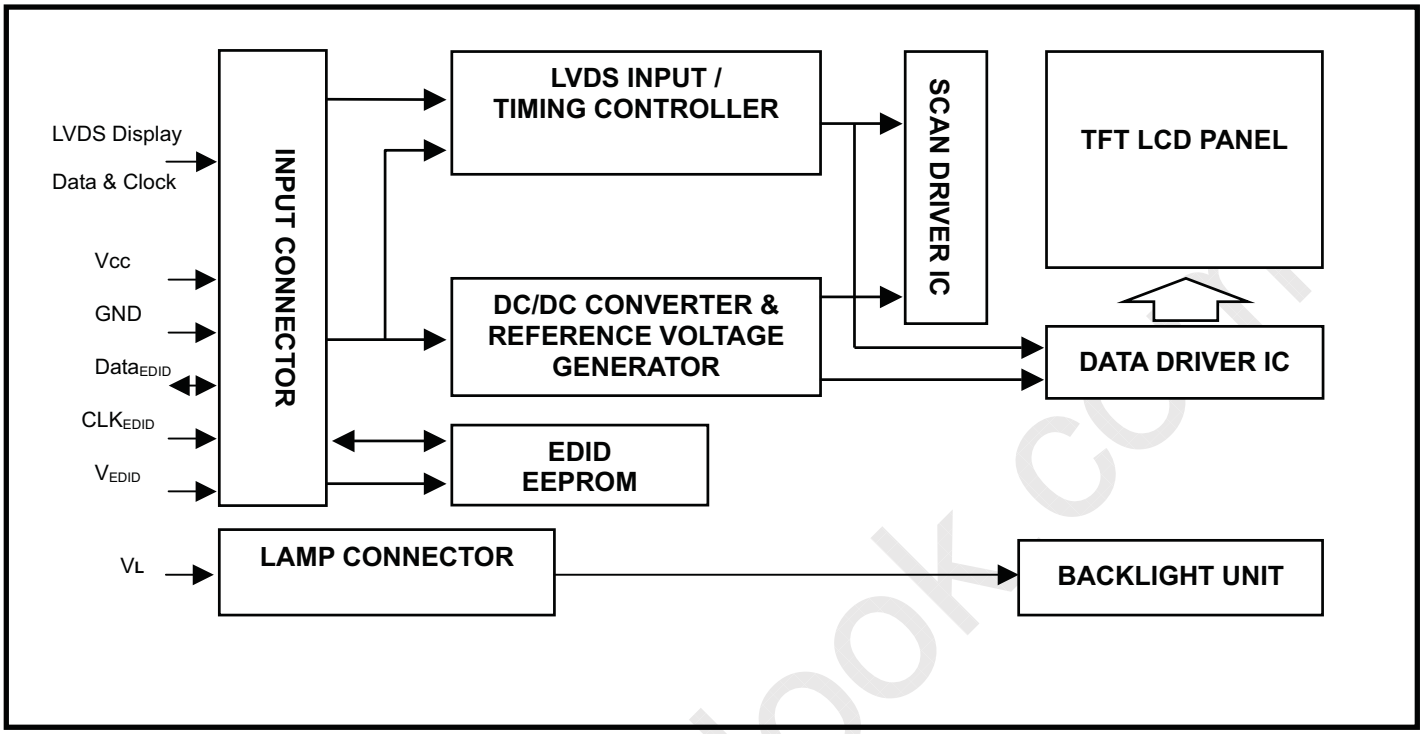
$$| I_p - I_{-p} | / I_{rms} * 100\%$$

* Distortion rate

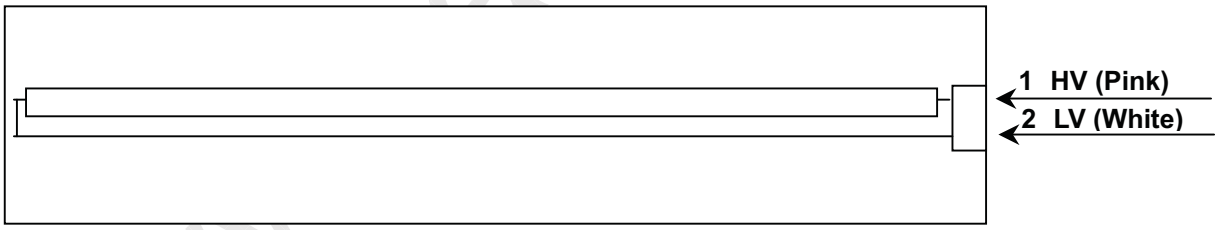
$$I_p \text{ (or } I_{-p}) / I_{rms}$$

4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT



5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

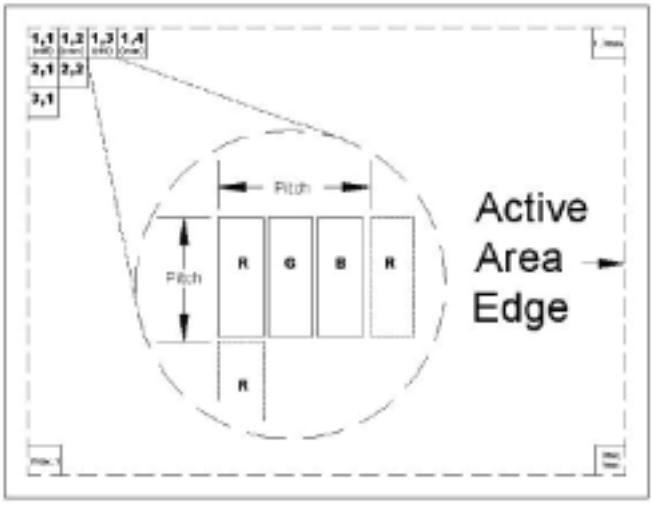
5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Pin	Symbol	Description	Polarity	Remark
1	Vss	Ground		
2	Vcc	Power Supply +3.3 V (typical)		
3	Vcc	Power Supply +3.3 V (typical)		
4	V_{EDID}	DDC 3.3V Power		DDC 3.3V Power
5	NC	Non-Connection		
6	CLK_{EDID}	DDC Clock		DDC Clock
7	$DATA_{EDID}$	DDC Data		DDC Data
8	Rxin0-	LVDS Differential Data Input	Negative	R0~R5,G0
9	Rxin0+	LVDS Differential Data Input	Positive	
10	Vss	Ground		
11	Rxin1-	LVDS Differential Data Input	Negative	G1~G5, B0, B1
12	Rxin1+	LVDS Differential Data Input	Positive	
13	Vss	Ground		
14	Rxin2-	LVDS Differential Data Input	Negative	B2~B5, DE, Hsync, Vsync
15	Rxin2+	LVDS Differential Data Input	Positive	
16	Vss	Ground		
17	CLK-	LVDS Clock Data Input	Negative	LVDS Level Clock
18	CLK+	LVDS Clock Data Input	Positive	
19	Vss	Ground		
20	NC	Non-Connection		
21	NC	Non-Connection		
22	Vss	Ground		
23	NC	Non-Connection		
24	NC	Non-Connection		
25	Vss	Ground		
26	NC	Non-Connection		
27	NC	Non-Connection		
28	Vss	Ground		
29	NC	Non-Connection		
30	NC	Non-Connection		

Note (1) Connector Part No.: JAE FI-XB30SL-HF10 or equivalent

Note (2) User's connector Part No: JAE-FI-X30M or equivalent

Note (3) The first pixel is odd as shown in the following figure.



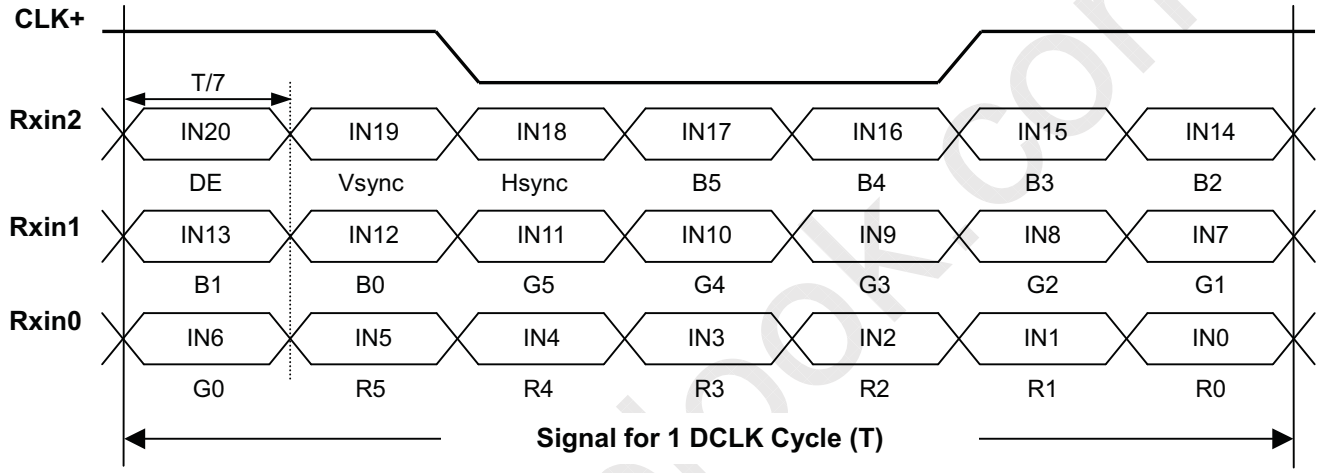
5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Pin	Symbol	Description	Color
1	HV	High Voltage	Pink
2	LV	Ground	White

Note (1) Connector Part No.: JST-BHSR-02VS-1 or equivalent

Note (2) User's connector Part No.: JST-SM02B-BHSS-1-TB or equivalent.

5.3 TIMING DIAGRAM OF LVDS INPUT SIGNAL



5.4 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

Color		Data Signal																	
		Red						Green						Blue					
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gray Scale Of Red	Red(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Red(61)	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale Of Green	Green(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Green(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale Of Blue	Blue(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage

5.5 EDID DATA STRUCTURE

The EDID (Extended Display Identification Data) data formats are to support displays as defined in the VESA Plug & Display and FPDI standards.

Byte #(decimal)	Byte #(hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value(hex)	Value(binary)
0	0	Header	00	00000000
1	1	Header	FF	11111111
2	2	Header	FF	11111111
3	3	Header	FF	11111111
4	4	Header	FF	11111111
5	5	Header	FF	11111111
6	6	Header	FF	11111111
7	7	Header	00	00000000
8	8	EISA ID manufacturer name (“CMO”)	0D	00001101
9	9	EISA ID manufacturer name (Compressed ASCII)	AF	10101111
10	0A	ID product code (N156B3-L01)	57	01010111
11	0B	ID product code (hex LSB first; N156B3-L01)	15	00010101
12	0C	ID S/N (fixed “0”)	00	00000000
13	0D	ID S/N (fixed “0”)	00	00000000
14	0E	ID S/N (fixed “0”)	00	00000000
15	0F	ID S/N (fixed “0”)	00	00000000
16	10	Week of manufacture (fixed “00H”)	20	00100000
17	11	Year of manufacture (fixed “00H”)	12	00010010
18	12	EDID structure version # (“1”)	01	00000001
19	13	EDID revision # (“3”)	03	00000011
20	14	Video I/P definition (“digital”)	90	10010000
21	15	Active area horizontal 34cm	22	00100010
22	16	Active area vertical 19cm	13	00010011
23	17	Display Gamma (Gamma = ”2.2”)	78	01111000
24	18	Feature support (“Active off, RGB Color”)	0A	00001010
25	19	Rx1, Rx0, Ry1, Ry0, Gx1, Gx0, Gy1, Gy0	87	10000111
26	1A	Bx1, Bx0, By1, By0, Wx1, Wx0, Wy1, Wy0	F5	11110101
27	1B	Rx=0.58	94	10010100
28	1C	Ry=0.34	57	01010111
29	1D	Gx=0.31	4F	01001111
30	1E	Gy=0.55	8C	10001100
31	1F	Bx=0.155	27	00100111
32	20	By=0.155	27	00100111
33	21	Wx=0.313	50	01010000
34	22	Wy=0.329	54	01010100
35	23	Established timings 1	00	00000000
36	24	Established timings 2 (1366*768@60Hz)	00	00000000
37	25	Manufacturer’s reserved timings	00	00000000
38	26	Standard timing ID # 1	01	00000001
39	27	Standard timing ID # 1	01	00000001

40	28	Standard timing ID # 2	01	00000001
41	29	Standard timing ID # 2	01	00000001
42	2A	Standard timing ID # 3	01	00000001
43	2B	Standard timing ID # 3	01	00000001
44	2C	Standard timing ID # 4	01	00000001
45	2D	Standard timing ID # 4	01	00000001
46	2E	Standard timing ID # 5	01	00000001
47	2F	Standard timing ID # 5	01	00000001
48	30	Standard timing ID # 6	01	00000001
49	31	Standard timing ID # 6	01	00000001
50	32	Standard timing ID # 7	01	00000001
51	33	Standard timing ID # 7	01	00000001
52	34	Standard timing ID # 8	01	00000001
53	35	Standard timing ID # 8	01	00000001
54	36	Detailed timing description # 1 Pixel clock (“75.5MHz”, According to VESA CVT Rev1.1)	7E	01111110
55	37	# 1 Pixel clock (hex LSB first)	1D	00011101
56	38	# 1 H active (“1366”)	56	01010110
57	39	# 1 H blank (“194”)	C2	11000010
58	3A	# 1 H active : H blank (“1366 : 194”)	50	01010000
59	3B	# 1 V active (”768”)	00	00000000
60	3C	# 1 V blank (”38”)	26	00100110
61	3D	# 1 V active : V blank (”768 :38”)	30	00110000
62	3E	# 1 H sync offset (”31”)	1F	00011111
63	3F	# 1 H sync pulse width ("65”)	41	01000001
64	40	# 1 V sync offset : V sync pulse width (”4 :12”)	4C	01001100
65	41	# 1 H sync offset : H sync pulse width : V sync offset : V sync width (”31: 65 : 4 :12”)	00	00000000
66	42	# 1 H image size (”344 mm”)	58	01011000
67	43	# 1 V image size (”193 mm”)	C1	11000001
68	44	# 1 H image size : V image size (”344 : 193”)	10	00010000
69	45	# 1 H boarder (”0”)	00	00000000
70	46	# 1 V boarder (”0”)	00	00000000
71	47	# 1 Non-interlaced ; Normal display, no stereo ; Digital Separate ; V sync POL is negative ; H sync POL is positive	1A	00011010
72	48	Detailed timing description # 1 Pixel clock (“75.5MHz”, According to VESA CVT Rev1.1)	7E	01111110
73	49	# 1 Pixel clock (hex LSB first)	1D	00011101
74	4A	# 1 H active (“1366”)	56	01010110
75	4B	# 1 H blank (“194”)	C2	11000010
76	4C	# 1 H active : H blank (“1366 : 194”)	50	01010000
77	4D	# 1 V active (”768”)	00	00000000
78	4E	# 1 V blank (”38”)	26	00100110
79	4F	# 1 V active : V blank (”768 :38”)	30	00110000
80	50	# 1 H sync offset (”31”)	1F	00011111
81	51	# 1 H sync pulse width ("65”)	41	01000001

82	52	# 1 V sync offset : V sync pulse width (”4 :12”)	4C	01001100
83	53	# 1 H sync offset : H sync pulse width : V sync offset : V sync width (”31: 65 : 4 :12”)	00	00000000
84	54	# 1 H image size (”344 mm”)	58	01011000
85	55	# 1 V image size (”193 mm”)	C1	11000001
86	56	# 1 H image size : V image size (”344 : 193”)	10	00010000
87	57	# 1 H boarder (”0”)	00	00000000
88	58	# 1 V boarder (”0”)	00	00000000
89	59	# 1 Non-interlaced ; Normal display, no stereo ; Digital Separate ; V sync POL is negative ; H sync POL is positive	1A	00011010
90	5A	Detailed timing description # 3	00	00000000
91	5B	# 3 Flag	00	00000000
92	5C	# 3 Reserved	00	00000000
93	5D	# 3 FE (hex) defines ASCII string (Model Name “N156B3”, ASCII)	FE	11111110
94	5E	# 3 Flag	00	00000000
95	5F	# Dell P/N " G732G" 1st character (“G”)	47	01000111
96	60	# Dell P/N " G732G" 1st character (“7”)	37	00110111
97	61	# Dell P/N " G732G" 1st character (“3”)	33	00110011
98	62	# Dell P/N " G732G" 1st character (“2”)	32	00110010
99	63	# Dell P/N " G732G" 1st character (“G”)	47	01000111
100	64	LCD Supplier EEDID Revision #: "2"	0A	00001010
101	65	Manufacturer P/N ("N")	4E	01001110
102	66	Manufacturer P/N ("1")	31	00110001
103	67	Manufacturer P/N ("5")	35	00110101
104	68	Manufacturer P/N ("6")	36	00110110
105	69	Manufacturer P/N ("B")	42	01000010
106	6A	Manufacturer P/N ("3")	33	00110011
107	6B	Manufacturer P/N (If <13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set remaining char = 20h)	0A	00001010
108	6C	Flag	00	00000000
109	6D	Flag	00	00000000
110	6E	Flag	00	00000000
111	6F	Data Type Tag:	00	00000000
112	70	Flag	00	00000000
113	71	SMBUS value @ 10nits = 0d	00	00000000
114	72	SMBUS value @ 17nits = 0d	00	00000000
115	73	SMBUS value @ 24nits = 0d	00	00000000
116	74	SMBUS value @ 30nits = 0d	00	00000000
117	75	SMBUS value @ 60nits = 0d	00	00000000
118	76	SMBUS value @ 100nits = 0d	00	00000000
119	77	SMBUS value @ 180nits = 0d	00	00000000
120	78	SMBUS value @ max nits = 0d	00	00000000
121	79	Bit[1:0] 00:reserved , 01: single LVDS, 10: dual LVDS, 11: reserved Bit[2] 0: No RTC support , 1: RTC support Bit[7:3] Reserved	01	00000001
122	7A	BIST Enable: Yes = '01' No = '00' ("Yes")	02	00000010
123	7B	(If <13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set remaining char =	0A	00001010

		20h)		
124	7C	(If <13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set remaining char = 20h)	20	00100000
125	7D	(If <13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set remaining char = 20h)	20	00100000
126	7E	Extension flag	00	00000000
127	7F	Checksum	A5	10100101

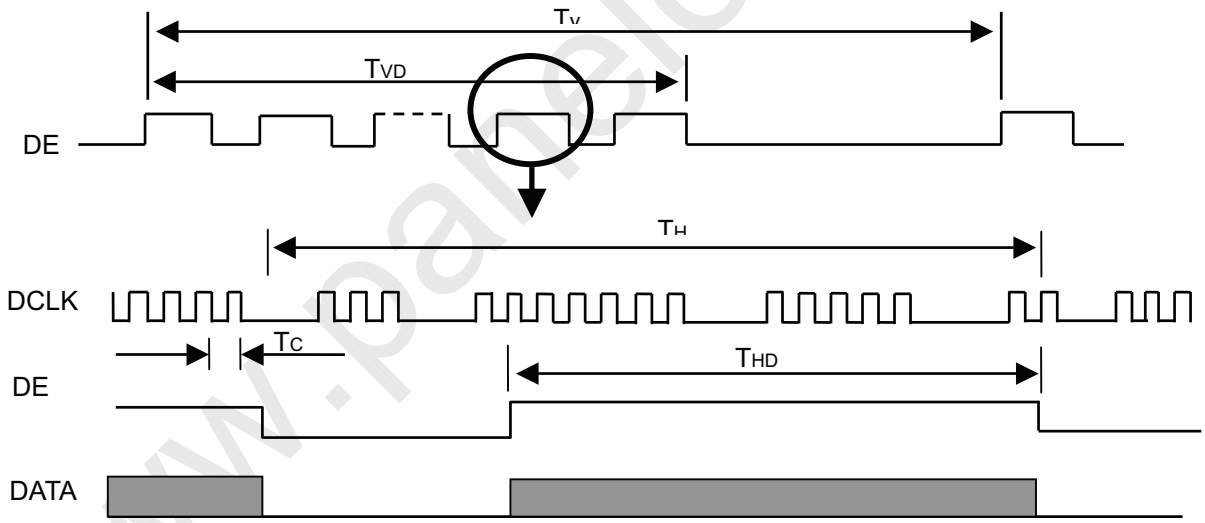
6. INTERFACE TIMING

6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

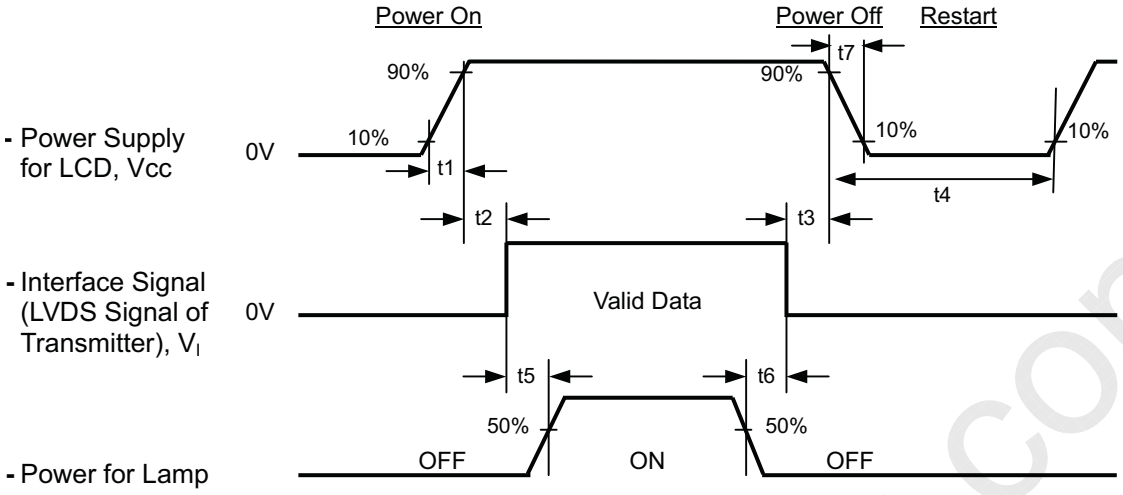
The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	1/Tc	50	75.5	80	MHz	(2)
DE	Vertical Total Time	TV	778	806	888	TH	-
	Vertical Active Display Period	TVD	768	768	768	TH	-
	Vertical Active Blanking Period	TVB	TV-TVD	38	TV-TVD	TH	
	Horizontal Total Time	TH	1446	1560	1936	Tc	(2)
	Horizontal Active Display Period	THD	1366	1366	1366	Tc	(2)
	Horizontal Active Blanking Period	THB	TH-THD	194	TH-THD	Tc	(2)

INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM



6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE



Timing Specifications:

0.5< t1 <= 10 msec

0 < t2 <= 50 msec

0 < t3 <= 50 msec

t4 >= 500 msec

t5 >= 200 msec

t6 >= 200 msec

Note (1) Please follow the power on/off sequence described above. Otherwise, the LCD module might be damaged.

Note (2) Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply of LCD Vcc to 0 V.

Note (3) The Backlight inverter power must be turned on after the power supply for the logic and the interface signal is valid. The Backlight inverter power must be turned off before the power supply for the logic and the interface signal is invalid.

Note (4) Sometimes some slight noise shows when LCD is turned off (even backlight is already off). To avoid this phenomenon, we suggest that the Vcc falling time is better to follow 5ms≦t7≦300 ms.

7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

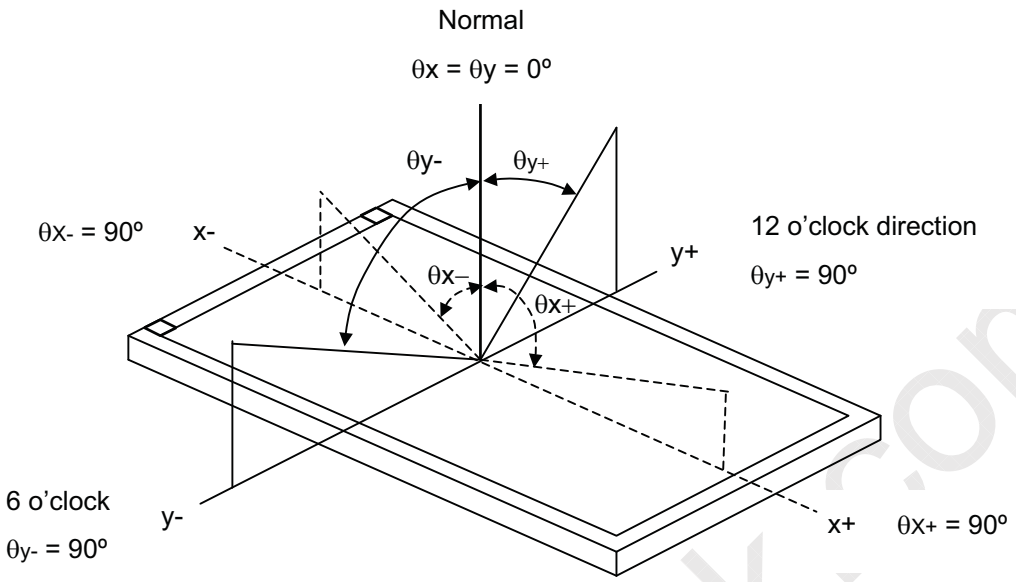
Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Ambient Temperature	Ta	25±2	°C
Ambient Humidity	Ha	50±10	%RH
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	3.3	V
Input Signal	According to typical value in "3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS"		
Inverter Current	I_L	6.0	mA
Inverter Driving Frequency	F_L	61	KHz
Inverter	Sumida-H05-4915		

The measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in Section 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in Section 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (6).

7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Contrast Ratio		CR	θ_x=0°, θ_Y =0° Viewing Normal Angle	280	400	-	-	(2), (5)
Response Time		T_R		-	3	8	ms	(3)
		T_F		-	7	12	ms	
Average Luminance of White		L_{AVE}		175	220	-	cd/m^2	(4), (6)
Color Chromaticity	Red	Rx		TYP. -0.03	0.629	TYP. +0.03	-	(1)
		Ry			0.333		-	
	Green	Gx			0.292		-	
		Gy			0.580		-	
	Blue	Bx			0.160		-	
		By			0.096		-	
	White	Wx			0.313		-	
		Wy			0.329		-	
	Color Gamut	C.G.		54	60	-	%	(7)
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	θ_x+	40	40	45	-	Deg.	(1),(5)
		θ_x-	40	40	45	-		
	Vertical	θ_Y+	15	15	20	-		
		θ_Y-	40	40	45	-		
White Variation of 5 Points		δW_{5p}	θ_x=0°, θ_Y =0°	75	85	-	%	(5),(6)

Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle (θx, θy):



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L63 / L0

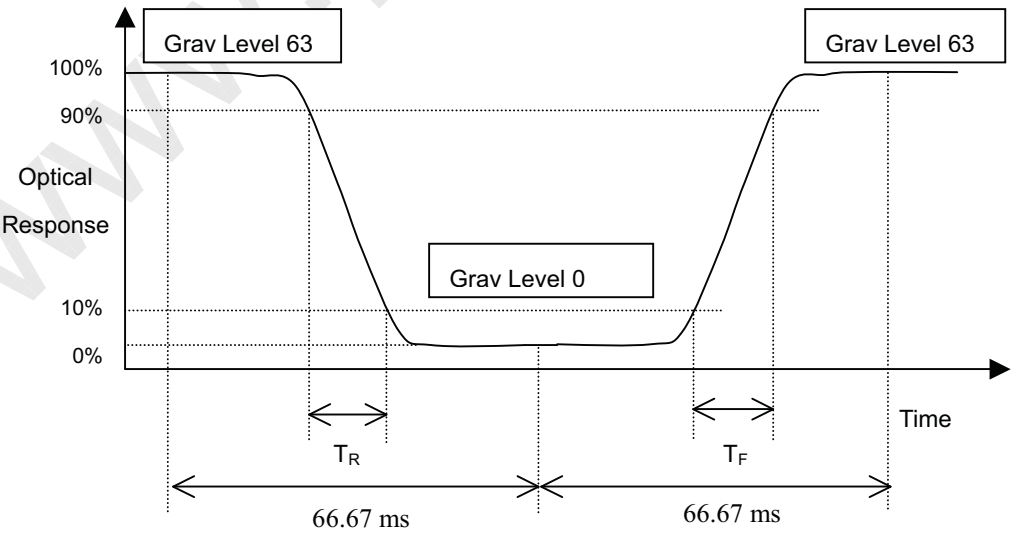
L63: Luminance of gray level 63

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR (1)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (3) Definition of Response Time (T_R, T_F):



Note (4) Definition of Average Luminance of White (L_{AVE}):

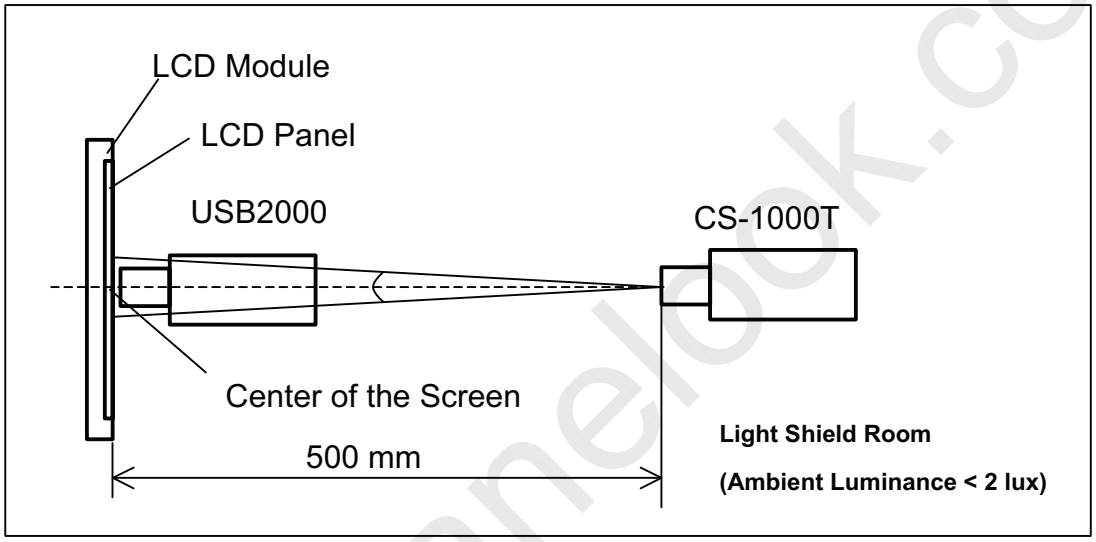
Measure the luminance of gray level 63 at 5 points

L_{AVE} = [L (1)+ L (2)+ L (3)+ L (4)+ L (5)] / 5

L (x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (6)

Note (5) Measurement Setup:

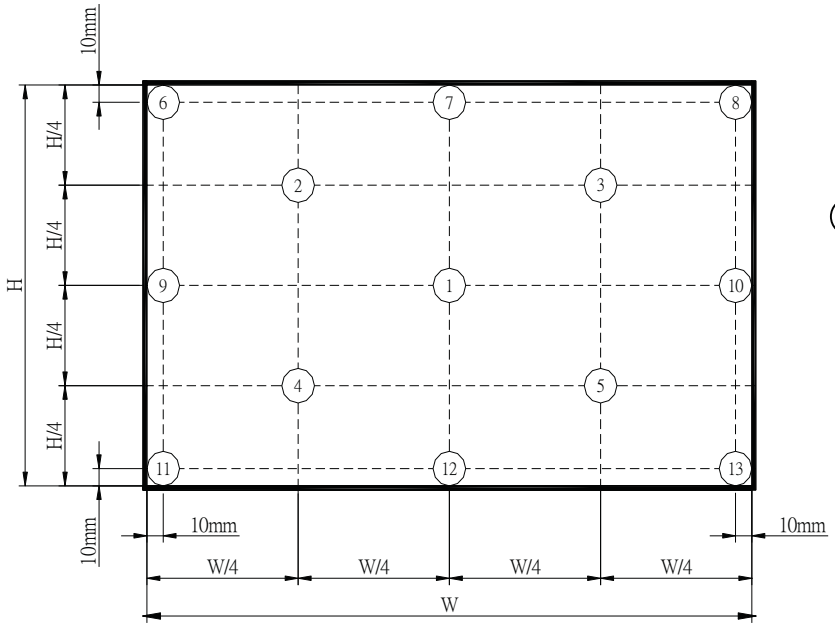
The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 20 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 20 minutes in a windless room.



Note (6) Definition of White Variation (δW):

Measure the luminance of gray level 63 at 5 points

δW_{5p} = Minimum [L (1)+ L (2)+ L (3)+ L (4)+ L (5)] / Maximum [L (1)+ L (2)+ L (3)+ L (4)+ L (5)]



X : Test Point

X=1 to 13

Active area

Note (7) Definition of color gamut (C.G%):

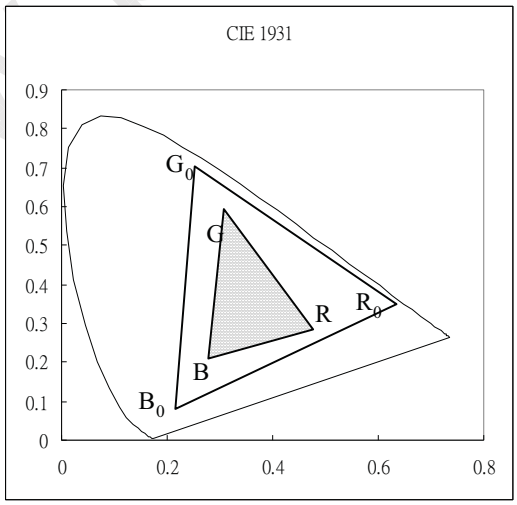
C.G%= R G B / R_0 G_0 B_0,*100%

R_0, G_0, B_0 : color coordinates of red, green, and blue defined by NTSC, respectively.

R, G, B : color coordinates of module on 63 gray levels of red, green, and blue, respectively.

R_0 G_0 B_0 : area of triangle defined by R_0, G_0, B_0

. R G B: area of triangle defined by R, G, B



8. PRECAUTIONS

8.1 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

(1) The module should be assembled into the system firmly by using every mounting hole. Be careful not to twist or bend the module.

(2) While assembling or installing modules, it can only be in the clean area. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or damage the polarizer.

(3) Use fingerstalls or soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.

(4) Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead on the panel because the polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.

(5) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, please clean it by some absorbent cotton or soft cloth. Do not use Ketone type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanently damage the polarizer due to chemical reaction.

(6) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. Staining and discoloration may occur if they left on panel for a long time.

(7) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contacting with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.

(8) Protect the module from static electricity, it may cause damage to the C-MOS Gate Array IC.

(9) Do not disassemble the module.

(10) Do not pull or fold the lamp wire.

(11) Pins of I/F connector should not be touched directly with bare hands.

8.2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

(1) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.

(2) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because the moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.

(3) It may reduce the display quality if the ambient temperature is lower than 10 ºC. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of lamp will be higher than the room temperature.

8.3 OPERATION PRECAUTIONS

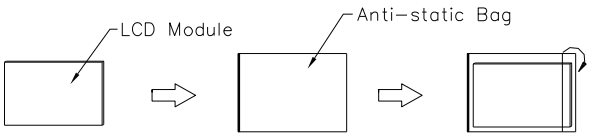
(1) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.

(2) Always follow the correct power on/off sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent the CMOS LSI chips from damage during latch-up.

(3) The startup voltage of Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause electrical shock while assembling with inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.

9. PACKING

9.1 CARTON



Box Dimensions : 489(L)*382(W)*330(H)
Weight: Approx. 13.03kg(20 module .per. 1 box)

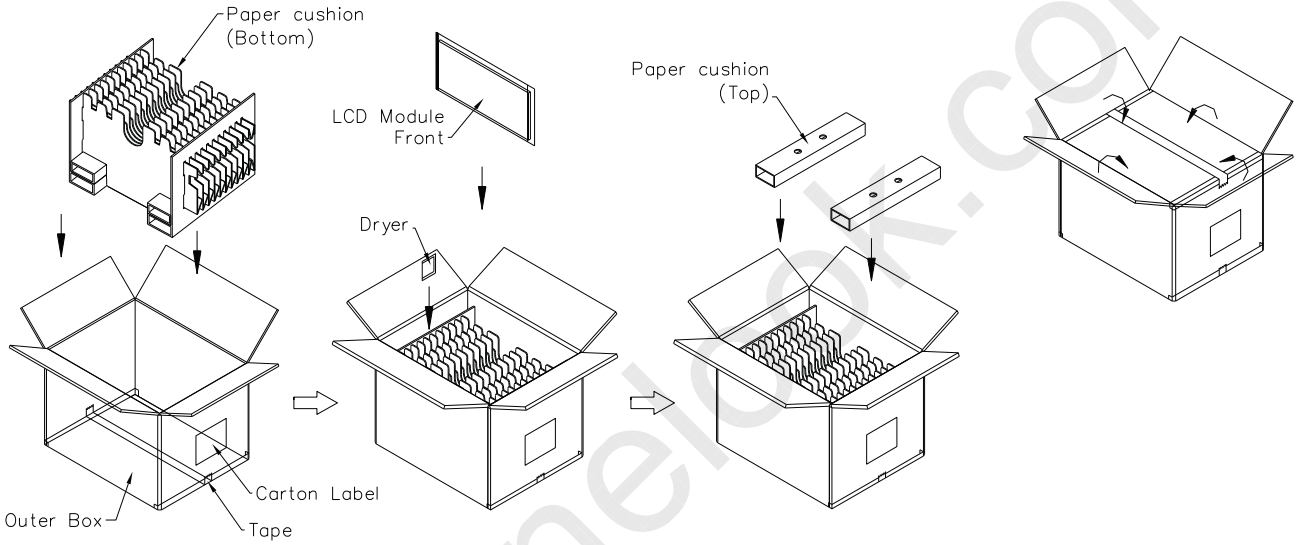


Figure. 9-1 Packing method

9.2 PALLET

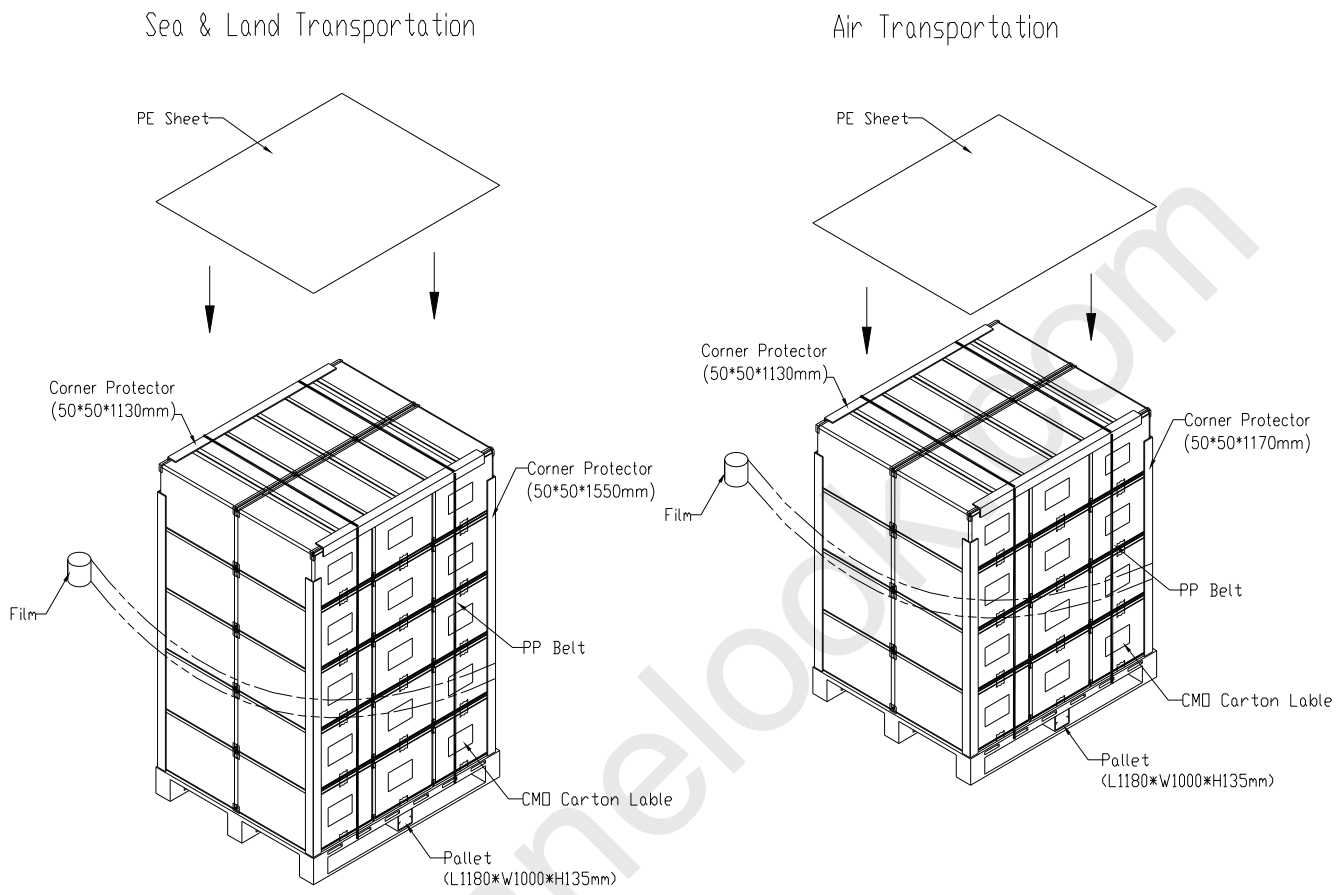


Figure. 9-2 Packing method

10. DEFINITION OF LABELS

10.1 DELL 2D LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.

CN-G732G-70896-
OOO-XXXX-A00

Made In China
DP/N G732G

DP/N	G732G
Country of Origin	CN
DELL P/N	G732G
MFG ID	70896
Date Code	OOO
Serial Number	XXXX
Part-Number Revision (Rev)	A00

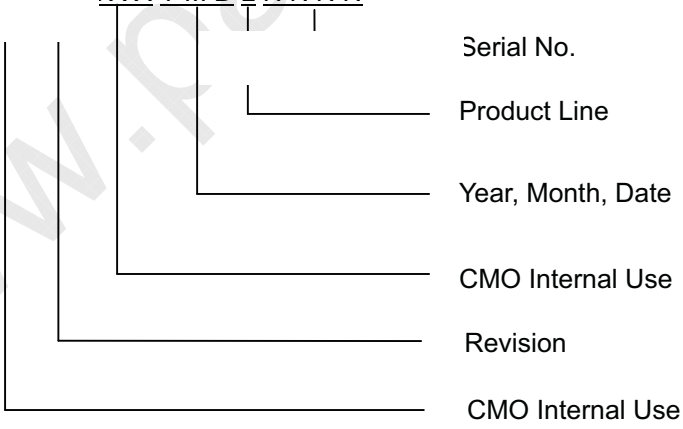
10.2 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.

(a) Model Name: N156B3 - L01

(b) Revision: Rev. XX, fo N156B3 -L01 2.. Rev. XX

(c) Serial ID: X XXYMDLNNNN XXXX



Serial ID includes the information as below:

(a) Manufactured Date: Year: 1~9, for 2001~2009

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

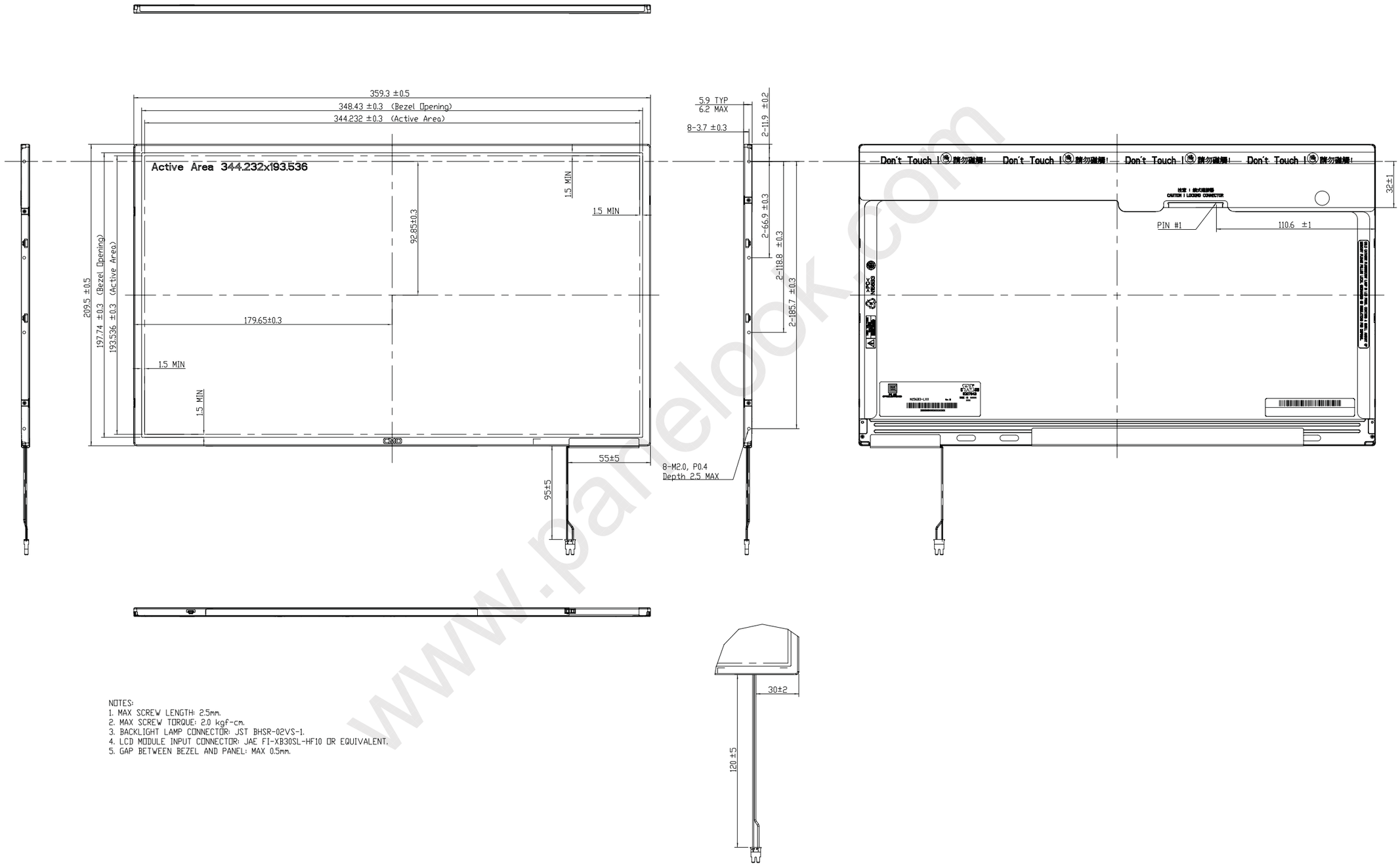
Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1st to 31st, exclude I , O and U

(b) Revision Code: cover all the change

(c) Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product

(d) Product Line: 1 -> Line1, 2 -> Line 2, …etc.

10.3 CARTON LABEL



NOTES:
1. MAX SCREW LENGTH: 2.5mm.
2. MAX SCREW TORQUE: 2.0 kgf-cm.
3. BACKLIGHT LAMP CONNECTOR: JST BHSR-02VS-1.
4. LCD MODULE INPUT CONNECTOR: JAE FI-XB30SL-HF10 OR EQUIVALENT.
5. GAP BETWEEN BEZEL AND PANEL: MAX 0.5mm.

Mark	Description	Date	Changed_By	Approved_By	ECN No.	Remark
	Design fixed, previous revision was 10	9-May-2008	Philip Lau	Shunnan	EA0027764	

TITLE	OUTLINE WITH SHORT WIRE TAPE DRAWING N15683-L01/L02			2D REV.	A
				3D REV.	11
Approved	Bli Sheu	Drawing No.	N156141054		
Checked	Shunnan	Part No.	NA		
Drawer	Philip Lau	Material	NA	Sheet	1 / 1 A0
Designer	Philip Lau	Date	9-May-2008	Scale	1:1 Unitmm

CHI MEI OPTOELECTRONICS CORP.